

# Spring 2024

### **WEEK 5 STUDY GUIDE**

### **The Big Picture**

You can think of a *stochastic process* as a random process indexed by time. A Markov chain is a stochastic process with a particular dependence structure that allows it to be used as a simple model in many settings.

- Under conditions that are pretty general, Markov chains run for a long time have powerful long-run properties.
- Steady state or stationarity has a physical interpretation and many uses.
- Many Markov chains, when run for a long time, exhibit different kinds of *balance*. These can be used to identify steady state properties.

#### **Week At a Glance**

Mon 2/12	Tue 2/13	Wed 2/14	Thu 2/15	Fri 2/16
	Lecture	Sections	Lecture	Mega Sections
Lab 3B Due				
HW 4 Due HW 5 (Due Mon 2/19)				HW 5 Party 2PM - 4PM
Midterm 1	Work through Sections 10.1, 10.2.	Happy Valentine's Day! Forget 140.	Work through Section 10.3, skim Section 11.1.	Work through Section 11.1.

# Reading, Practice, and Live Sessions

Book	Topic	Lectures: Prof. A.	Sections: GSIs	Optional Additional Practice
Ch 10	Markov chains  - 10.1 introduces terminology, notation, and basics, along with a computational approach to the long run  - 10.2 narrows down the type of chain we'll be studying, but even the narrowed-down group is large and interesting  - 10.3 takes a more theoretical approach to the long run	Tuesday 2/13  - Introduction to Markov chains - Long run behavior	Wednesday 2/14 - Ch 9 Ex 2, 3 - Ch 11 Ex 1	None. There are no exercises in Ch 10. All the Markov Chains exercises are in Ch 11, at which point you'll have techniques that make some of the solutions easier.
Ch 11	Balance and detailed balance  - 10.3 takes a more theoretical approach to the long run  - 11.1 is about different kinds of balance, and how one of them can make it easy to identify the other	Thursday 2/15  - Different kinds of balance - Spotting the one that makes calculations easy	Friday 2/16 - Ch 11 Ex 3, 4, 5	Chapter 11 Ex 2 The Konstantopoulos exercises listed after Ex 5 come with complete solutions.